Brownsboro Road

By 1858, the Jefferson and Brownsboro Turnpike Company had established the present-day route of Brownsboro Road, from Story Avenue in the Butchertown neighborhood in Louisville, east to Rudy Lane and to the county line. The earliest tollgate was located at the intersection with Ewing Avenue.

122. Butchertown
Market Street, Mellwood Avenue, I-64, Brownsboro Road and Clay Street

This early suburb began on Beargrass Creek just east of Louisville, during the 1840s. It was dominated by German immigrant families connected with the meatpacking industry, whose slaughterhouses were located along the original channel of Beargrass Creek. The centerpiece of the community's religious architecture is the Gothic Revival style St. Joseph's Church, dedicated in 1883 by President Chester A. Arthur.

123. Selema Hall
2837 Reidling Drive off Birchwood Road

Selema Hall, constructed ca. 1840 by David Chambers, is an unusual, raised-foundation mansion built in a transitional style from the Federal to the Greek Revival. The main block is a large square with a hipped roof topped by a square monitor. The raised basement is a Federal style motif shared with such houses as Farmington.

124. Beechland
2 Rebel Road

This house was constructed sometime in the 1840s. The log house originally on the site was owned by Mrs. Gibson Taylor, sister-in-law of President Zachary Taylor and was the site of the marriage of Sarah Knox, Gen. Taylor's daughter, and Jefferson Davis, later to be president of the Confederacy. The property was purchased by Capt. Anders, who built the present house.

125. Mockingbird Valley
Zorn Avenue, Brownsboro Road, Louisville Country Club and Upper River Road

An Olmsted-designed landscape from the early 20th century of large estate homes, the area is found on both sides of Mockingbird Valley Road between Brownsboro and Upper River Roads. The Mockingbird subdivision was platted in 1926, with lots ranging in size from one-half acre to two- and one-half acres. From the 1920s through the 1960s, numerous Revival style houses have been built here.

126. Indian Hills Stock Farm
125 Indian Hills Trail off Old Brownsboro Road

The estate of the Veech family from 1806 to 1918, this two-story brick, Federal I-style house was built in 1833 by Alexander Veech. The farm was operated by his son Richard Veech until his death in 1918, at which time the farm was divided between the Louisville Country Club and the Indian Hills subdivision. The house was severely damaged by the 1974 tornado, but was rebuilt.

127. Springfields *(5608 Apache Road)* and Zachary Taylor National Cemetery
(4701 Brownsboro Road)

The house known as Springfields and the National Cemetery are both sites intimately connected with President Zachary Taylor and his family. The oldest part of Springfields was probably built in the late 1780s by Col. Richard Taylor, the father of President Zachary Taylor. The Zachary Taylor National Cemetery was established by Congress in 1928 on part of the Springfields tract, and it contains the Taylor family graveyard. President Zachary Taylor was buried in the family cemetery until the establishment of the National Cemetery when he and his wife were reinterred there.